

CHARLES CROWELL.

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*Copy of the findings of the Court of Claims in the case of Charles Crowell against the United States.*

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FEBRUARY 28, 1894.—Referred to the Committee on War Claims and ordered to be printed.

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COURT OF CLAIMS, CLERK'S OFFICE,  
*Washington, February 27, 1894.*

SIR: Pursuant to the order of the court I transmit herewith a certified copy of the findings filed by the court in the aforesaid cause, which case was referred to this court by the Committee on War Claims, House of Representatives, under the act of March 3, 1883.

I am, very respectfully, yours, etc.,

JOHN RANDOLPH,  
*Assistant Clerk Court of Claims.*

Hon. CHAS. F. CRISP,  
*Speaker of the House of Representatives.*

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[Court of Claims. Congressional, No. 410. Charles Crowell v. The United States.]

This case being a claim for supplies or stores alleged to have been taken by or furnished to the military forces of the United States for their use during the late war for the suppression of the rebellion, the court, on a preliminary inquiry, finds that Charles Crowell, the person alleged to have furnished such supplies or stores, or from whom the same are alleged to have been taken, was loyal to the Government of the United States throughout said war.

Filed March 27, 1893.

BY THE COURT.

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[Court of Claims. No. 410, Congressional. Charles Crowell v. The United States.]

STATEMENT OF CASE.

The claim in the above-entitled case, for supplies or stores alleged to have been taken by or furnished to the military forces of the United States for their use during the late war for the suppression of the rebellion, was transmitted to the court by the House Committee on War Claims on the 2d day of February, 1886.

J. W. Smith, esq., appeared for claimant, and the Attorney-General, by C. W. Russell, esq., his assistant, and under his direction, appeared for the defense and protection of the interests of the United States.

On a preliminary inquiry the court, on the 27th day of March, 1893, found that the person alleged to have furnished the supplies or stores, or from whom they were alleged to have been taken, was loyal to the Government of the United States throughout said war.

The case was brought to a hearing on its merits on the 1st day of November, 1893. The claimant in his petition makes the following allegations: That the Federal Army, during the late war, took from him, from his place in Benton County, Ark., and applied to its support, stores and supplies of the kinds, quantities, and values following, viz:

1 bay mare, taken November, 1862.....	\$200
40 bushels corn, taken March, 1863.....	80
500 pounds bacon, taken March, 1863.....	250
300 bundles of fodder, taken March, 1863.....	15
1 ton of hay, taken March, 1863.....	20
125 bushels of corn, taken December, 1862.....	250
1 yellow mare, taken September, 1863.....	200
1 dark bay horse, taken January, 1864.....	200
75 bushels corn, taken February, 1864.....	150
1 bay horse, taken April, 1863.....	175
150 pounds bacon, taken February, 1865.....	75
350 pounds flour, taken February, 1865.....	35
1 barrel molasses, taken February, 1865.....	60
Total.....	1,710

The court, upon the evidence and after considering the briefs and arguments of counsel on both sides, makes the following

#### FINDING OF FACT:

There were taken from the claimant's farm in Benton County, Ark., during the late war for the suppression of the rebellion, by military authority, for the use of the Army, stores and supplies of the general kind above described, the reasonable value of which at the time and place of taking was \$663.

BY THE COURT.

Filed February 26, 1894.

A true copy.

Test this 27th day of February, A. D. 1894.

[SEAL.]

JOHN RANDOLPH.